

# Standout Choice



## KWS RECEPTOR

With the latest technology, KWS RECEPTOR has shown top-in-class winter hardiness. This resulted in KWS RECEPTOR achieving consistent, top yields year after year in Western Canada Registration Trials. Combined with good ergot protection from PollenPLUS technology, excellent falling numbers and very short straw, KWS RECEPTOR will be the standout choice for rye growers.

	KWS RECEPTOR	Average of Hybrid Rye check varieties	Average of traditional rye check varieties
Yield (%)	100%	96%	73%
Winter Survival (%)	90	88	89
Height (cm)	84	86	100
Lodging (1-9)	2.8	2.3	3.5
Test Weight (kg/hL)	74	74	74
Ergot (%)	0.9	0.8	0.9

Source: Request for Support for Registration of RT252; KWS Receptor Fall Rye Cooperative Registration Trials 2018-19, 2019-20, 2020-21\*

### Main features

#### Market leading yields:

- 4% over hybrid checks\*
- 38% over traditional checks\*

### Variety Highlights

- Top-in-class winter hardiness
- Short straw, excellent harvestability
- Strong ergot protection
- Superior falling numbers

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Scan to watch our KWS PollenPLUS video

# KWS RyeGHT Seeding Practices

## Grain Production | Western Canada

Hybrid fall rye can be an easy crop to grow and success of growing is primarily achieved from having strong stand establishment in the fall. These practices will optimize both performance and consistency year after year, starting with the most important first.

### RyeGHT Time:

General seeding period for hybrid fall rye in Western Canada is from August 15 to September 25. It has consistently been shown that **early seeding** provides hybrid fall rye the best opportunity to achieve maximum root and tiller growth for the highest yield and quality.

### RyeGHT Rate:

The standard seeding rate is **1 unit/ac** under normal conditions.

- August 15-31: Seed at 1 unit/ac into a firm seedbed to achieve 5-6" shoot growth with 6-8 tillers/plant. Under irrigation or optimal soil moisture conditions 0.8 units/ac may be used.
- September 1-15: Seed at 1 to 1.1 units/ac into a firm seedbed to achieve 3-5" of shoot growth with 4-5 tillers/plant. Under irrigation 0.8 units/ac may be used.
- September 15-25: Seed at 1.1 to 1.2 units/ac into a firm seedbed to achieve 2-3" of shoot growth with 2-3 tillers/plant. Under irrigation 1 unit/ac may be used.

### RyeGHT Depth:

Always seed shallow at **¾" depth** with travel speed <4.5 mph to maintain consistent seed depth. Seeding deeper or faster will result in higher seedling mortality and reduced stand. Maintain **¾"** seed depth even if soil is dry and wait for rain.

### RyeGHT Stand:

The plant stand target is **16-18 plants/ft<sup>2</sup>**. Even emergence and achieving a target stand will provide the most consistent yields and the best resistance against ergot.

### RyeGHT Field Selection:

Hybrid rye grows best on well drained fields, free of residual herbicides that affect rye. It is the first choice to grow on land with stubble cover. It can also be grown on land without stubble provided it is seeded early, maximizes shoot growth, and tillers per plant. Areas prone to wind erosion should be seeded at a higher rate.

### RyeGHT Trash Management:

It is important to spread previous crop straw and chaff evenly and as close to the full width of the header as possible. Harrowing can be beneficial; however, it can also dislodge residual plants from the previous crop causing residue piles and seed placement issues. Use higher seeding rates when seed bed issues exist.

